

U.S. Department of Justice

Immigration and Naturalization Service

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS 425 Eye Street N.W. ULLB, 3rd Floor Washington, D.C. 20536

FILE:

Office: Miami

Date:

AUG 1 0 2000

IN RE: Applicant:

APPLICATION: Application for Permanent Residence Pursuant to Section 1 of the Cuban Adjustment Act of

November 2, 1966 (P.L. 89-732)

IN BEHALF OF APPLICANT:

Self-represented

INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office which originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information which you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Service where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. Id.

Any motion must be filed with the office which originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.7.

> Identifying data delicited to prevent clearly unwarranted "PARSION OF DESCOURT DEINSCY

FOR THE ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER,

Terrance M. O'Reilly, Director Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The application was denied by the District Director, Miami, Florida, who certified his decision to the Associate Commissioner, Examinations, for review. The district director's decision will be affirmed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of Cuba who filed this application for adjustment of status to that of a lawful permanent resident under section 1 of the Cuban Adjustment Act of November 2, 1966. This Act provides for the adjustment of status of any alien who is a native or citizen of Cuba and who has been inspected and admitted or paroled into the United States subsequent to January 1, 1959, and has been physically present in the United States for at least one year, to that of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence if the alien is eligible to receive an immigrant visa and is admissible to the United States for permanent residence.

The district director found the applicant inadmissible to the United States because he falls within the purview of sections 212(a)(2)(A)(i)(II) and 212(a)(2)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(2)(A)(i)(II) and 1182(a)(2)(C). The district director, therefore, concluded that the applicant was ineligible for adjustment of status and denied the application.

The applicant has provided no statement or additional evidence on notice of certification.

Section 212(a)(2) of the Act provides that aliens inadmissible and ineligible to receive visas and ineligible to be admitted to the United States include:

- (A) (i) Any alien convicted of, or who admits having committed, or who admits committing acts which constitute the essential elements of --
- (II) a violation of (or a conspiracy or attempt to violate) any law or regulation of a State, the United States, or a foreign country relating to a controlled substance (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. 802).
- (C) Any alien who the consular officer or immigration officer knows or has reason to believe is or has been an illicit trafficker in any such controlled substance or is or has been a knowing assister, abettor, conspirator, or colluder with others in the illicit trafficking in any such controlled substance, is inadmissible.

The record reflects the following:

- 1. On June 3, 1985, in Dade County, Florida, Case No. the applicant was found guilty of possession of marijuana. He was sentenced to 21 days credit for time served.
- 2. On September 12, 1985, in Dade County, Florida, Case No. the applicant was found guilty of possession of cocaine. Adjudication of guilt was withheld and he was placed on probation for a period of 6 months, 23 days in jail, and fined \$220.
- 3. The Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) report, contained in the record of proceeding, reflects that on February 4, 1987, in Los Angeles, California, the applicant was arrested and charged with sell-furnish marijuana/hashish. The final disposition of this arrest is not reflected in the record.
- 4. The FBI report also reflects that on May 24, 1989, in Los Angeles, California, the applicant was arrested and charged with Count 1, possession of narcotic controlled substance; and Count 2, sell-furnish marijuana/hashish. The final disposition of this arrest is not reflected in the record.

While the applicant may be found inadmissible under section 212(a)(2)(C) of the Act based on his arrests for trafficking in controlled substances (paragraph 3 and 4 above), neither the arrest reports nor the final court dispositions of these arrests are contained in the record of proceeding.

The applicant, however, is inadmissible to the United States pursuant to section 212(a)(2)(A)(i)(II) of the Act based on his convictions of possession of marijuana and cocaine (paragraphs 1 and 2 above). There is no waiver available to an alien found inadmissible under these sections except for a single offense of simple possession of 30 grams or less of marijuana. The applicant does not qualify under this exception.

In view of the foregoing, the applicant is ineligible for adjustment of status to permanent resident pursuant to section 1 of the Act of November 2, 1966. The decision of the district director to deny the application will be affirmed.

ORDER: The district director's decision is affirmed.